

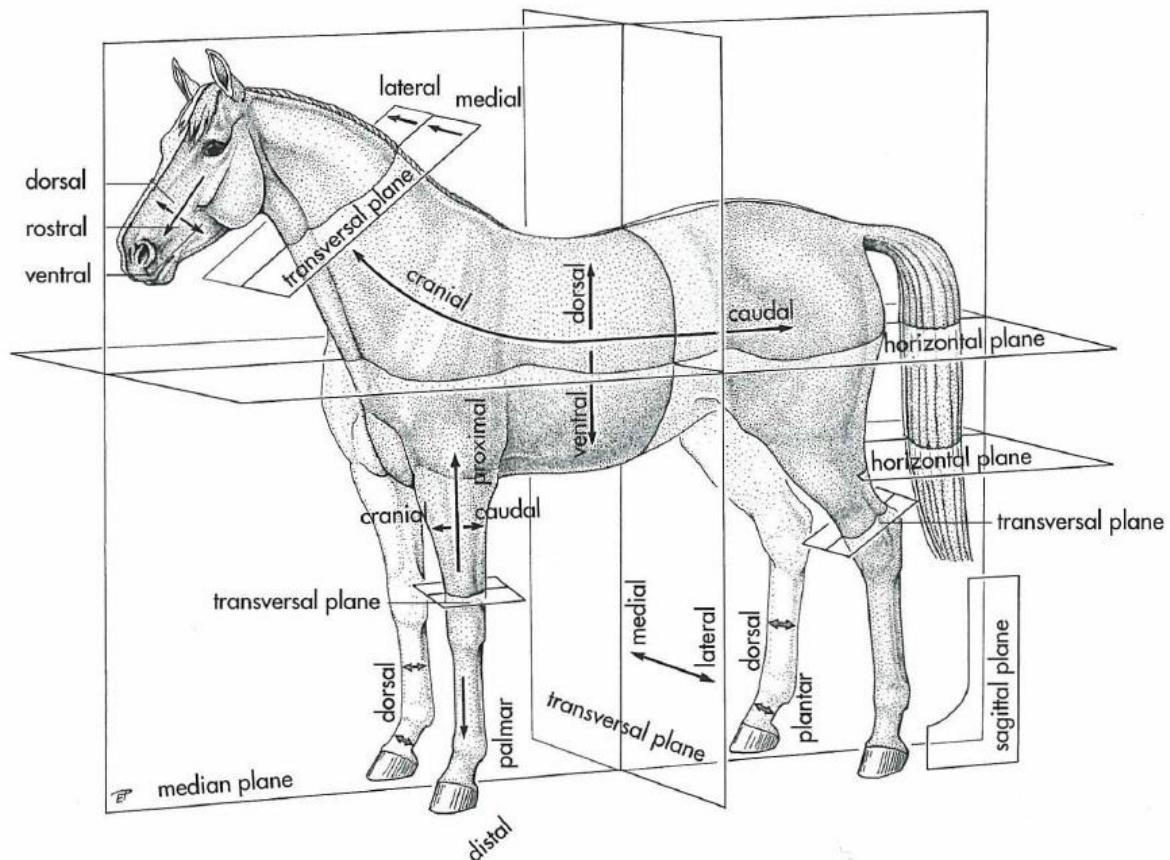
# General introduction

Anatomy is the branch of morphology dealing with the form, structure, topography and the functional interaction of the tissues and organs that compose the body.

## I. Planes and directions:

ÁTE Anatómiai és Szövettani Tanszék

Term	Meaning	Term	Meaning
<i>median plane</i>	virtual plane dividing the body in two equal part	<i>distal</i>	away from the trunk
<i>paramedian plane</i>	any plane parallel and located near to the median plane	<i>palmar</i>	towards the palm of the hand (forelimb, distal from carpus only)
<i>sagittal plane</i>	any plane parallel and located distant to the median plane	<i>plantar</i>	towards the sole of the foot (hind limb, distal from tarsus only)
<i>horizontal plane</i>	any plane parallel to the dorsal surface	<i>axial</i>	towards the axis of the digits
<i>transverse plane</i>	any plane perpendicular to the long axis	<i>abaxial</i>	away from the axis of the digits
<i>cranial</i>	towards the head	<i>external</i>	located outside
<i>rostral</i>	towards the nasal apex (on the head)	<i>internal</i>	located inside
<i>caudal</i>	towards the tail	<i>superficialis</i>	located near the surface
<i>dorsal</i>	towards the back; towards the palm of the distal limb	<i>profundus</i>	located in the depth
<i>ventral</i>	towards the belly	<i>temporal</i>	towards the temporal bone (on the head)
<i>medial</i>	towards the centre	<i>nasal</i>	towards the nose (on the head)
<i>lateral</i>	towards the side	<i>superior</i>	above
<i>median</i>	in the middle	<i>inferior</i>	below
<i>proximal</i>	towards the trunk	<i>oral</i>	towards the mouth (on the head)



## II. Species and abbreviations:

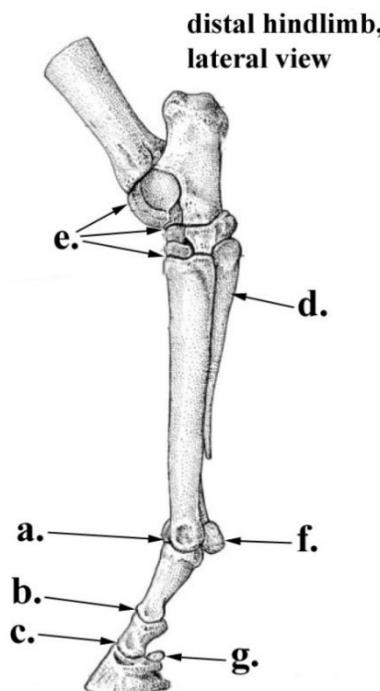
Species	Abbreviation	Name
<i>Ungulata</i>	Un	ungulates
<i>Equus caballus</i>	eq	horse
<i>Sus scrofa</i>	su	swine/pig
<i>Ruminant</i>	Ru	ruminants
<i>Bos taurus</i>	bo	cattle/bovine
<i>Ovis aries</i>	ov	sheep
<i>Capra hircus</i>	cap	goat
<i>Carnivora</i>	Car	carnivores
<i>Canis familiaris</i>	ca	dog
<i>Felis catus</i>	fe	cat

## III. General terms:

- Adeps, adipis – fat
- Ala – wing
- Albus, Albicans – white, whitish
- Angulus – angle
- Anulus – ring
- Apertura – opening
- Asper – rough
- Bicornis – with two horns
- Brevis – short
- Caecus – blind
- Cavus, cavum – hollow, cavity
- Cephalus, caput – head
- Coccyx – tail
- Communis – common
- Corniculatus – like a small horn
- Corpus – body
- Costa – rib
- Coxa – hip
- Cribrosus – perforated
- Crista – sharp ridge, crest
- Cruciatus – crossed
- Durus, durum – hard
- Eminentia – elevation
- Flavus – yellow
- Foramen – opening
- Fossa – depression, pit
- Fovae – small pit, little depression
- Frons, frontis – forehead
- Genu - knee
- Gracilis – slender
- Hamatus – hamate, hook
- Impar – unpaired
- Incisura – notch
- Labium – lip
- Lacrima – tear
- Latissimus – broadest
- Liber – free
- Longissimus – longest
- Longus – long
- Lunatus – half-moon shaped
- Magnus – great, large
- Major – larger, greater
- Manus – hand
- Margo – margin, borderline
- Mentum – chin
- Minor – small
- Os, oris – mouth
- Parvus – small
- Pecten – comb
- Pes, pedis – foot
- Petra, petrosus – rock
- Piriform – pear-shaped
- Pisiform – pea-shaped
- Pterygoid – wing
- Rectus – straight
- Rhinos – nose
- Rotundus – round
- Saliva – spit, spittle
- Sinus – excavation
- Spina – thorn, spine
- Sulcus – groove
- Teres – round
- Tuber – round big eminence
- Tuberculum – round small eminence
- Tuberositas – round tiny eminence
- Tympanum – drum
- Umbilicus – navel
- Uncinatus – hook shaped

#### IV. Special expressions:

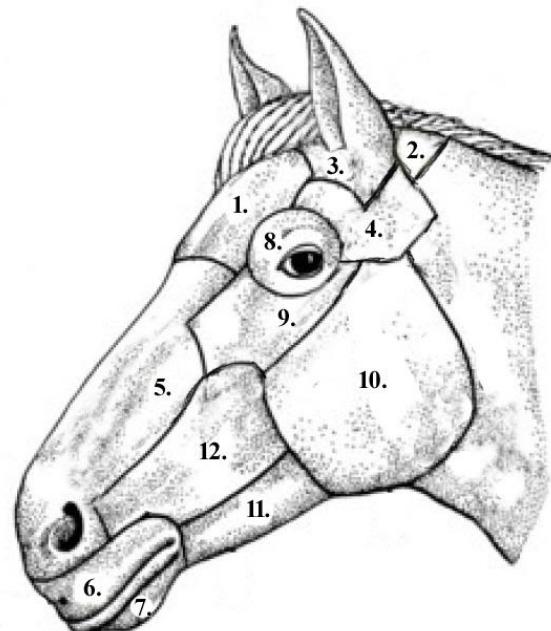
- a. Fetlock joint – between the metacarpus/metatarsus and the proximal phalanx
- b. Pastern joint – between the proximal and the middle phalanx
- c. Coffin joint – between the middle and the distal phalanx
- d. Splint bones – II. and IV. metacarpal/metatarsal bones
- e. Hock joint – tarsal joint
- f. Proximal sesamoid bones
- g. Navicular bone – distal sesamoid bone
- h. Stifle joint – knee joint (not on the picture)
- i. Carpal joint – wrist joint (not on the picture)



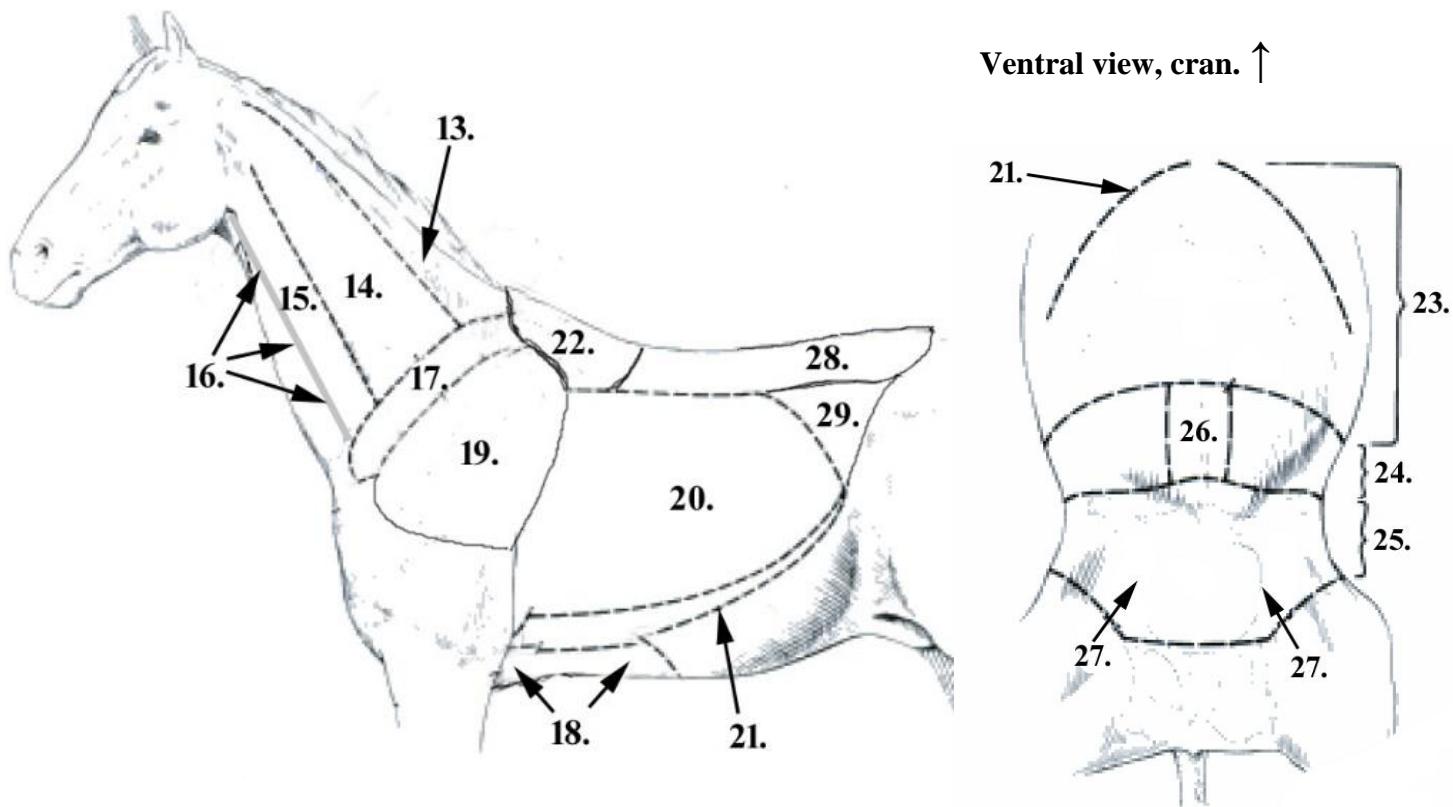
#### V. Regions:

- a. face and head:
  - 1. regio frontalis
  - 2. regio occipitalis
  - 3. regio parietalis
  - 4. regio temporalis
  - 5. regio nasalis
  - 6. regio oralis
  - 7. regio mentalis
  - 8. regio orbitalis
  - 9. regio zygomatica
  - 10. regio massaterica
  - 11. regio mandibularis
  - 12. regio maxillaris
- b. neck:
  - 13. regio colli dorsalis
  - 14. regio colli lateralis
  - 15. regio colli ventralis
  - 16. sulcus jugularis
  - 17. regio prescapularis
- c. trunk:
  - 18. regio sternalis
  - 19. regio scapularis

- 20. regio costalis
- 21. arcus costalis
- 22. regio interscapularis
- 23. regio abdominalis cranialis
- 24. regio abdominalis media
- 25. regio abdominalis caudalis
- 26. regio umbilicalis
- 27. regio inguinalis
- 28. regio lumbalis
- 29. fossa paralumbalis
- 30. regio sacralis
- 31. regio glutea
- 32. regio tuberis coxae
- 33. regio tuberis ischiadici
- 34. regio caudalis
- d. forelimb:
  - 35. regio articulationis humeri
  - 36. regio brachii
  - 37. regio cubiti
  - 38. regio olecrani
  - 39. regio tricipitalis
  - 40. regio antebrachii
- e. hindlimb:
  - 41. regio carpi
  - 42. regio metacarpi
  - 43. regio metacarpophalangea
  - 44. regio compedis
  - 45. regio coronalis
  - 46. regio ungulae



Ventral view, cran. ↑



Lateral view, caud. →

